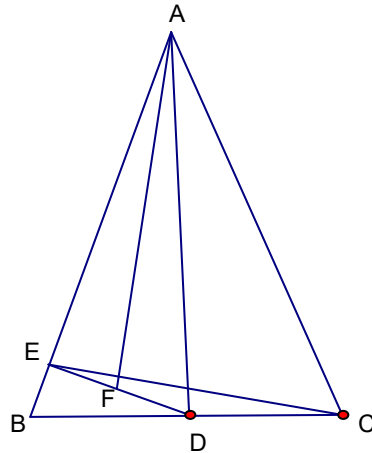


Geometry question

<https://www.linkedin.com/groups/8313943/8313943-6411845590921076740>

In triangle ABC , $AB = AC$ and D is the midpoint of side BC . Point E lies on side AB with $DE \perp AB$, and F be the midpoint of segment DE . Prove that $AF \perp EC$.



Solution by Arkady Alt , San Jose, California, USA.

WLOG we can assume that $\|\vec{AB}\| = \|\vec{AC}\| = 1$. Then $\vec{AD} = \frac{1}{2}(\vec{AB} + \vec{AC})$,
 $\vec{AD} = \cos \frac{A}{2}$, $\vec{AE} = \vec{AB} \cos^2 \frac{A}{2} = \frac{1}{2}\vec{AB}(1 + \cos A)$, $\vec{AF} = \frac{1}{2}(\vec{AE} + \vec{AD}) =$
 $\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}\vec{AB}(1 + \cos A) + \frac{1}{2}(\vec{AB} + \vec{AC})\right) = \frac{1}{4}(\vec{AB}(2 + \cos A) + \vec{AC})$,
 $\vec{EC} = \vec{AC} - \vec{AE} = \vec{AC} - \frac{1}{2}\vec{AB}(1 + \cos A) = \frac{1}{2}(2\vec{AC} - \vec{AB}(1 + \cos A))$.

Hence and since $\vec{AC} \cdot \vec{AB} = \cos A$ we obtain

$$8 \vec{AF} \cdot \vec{EC} = (\vec{AC} + \vec{AB}(2 + \cos A)) \cdot (2\vec{AC} - \vec{AB}(1 + \cos A)) =$$

$$2\vec{AC} \cdot \vec{AC} + \vec{AB} \cdot \vec{AC}(3 + \cos A) - \vec{AB} \cdot \vec{AB}(2 + \cos A)(1 + \cos A) =$$

$$2 + (3 + \cos A)\cos A - (2 + \cos A)(1 + \cos A) = 0$$